

POMPANO BEACH POLICE & FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

CITY OF POMPANO BEACH CODE OF ORDINANCES

SECTIONS 34.045 THROUGH 34.073

Current through Ordinance No. 2023-12, passed 11/8/2022

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POMPAÑO BEACH, FLORIDA CODE OF ORDINANCES

POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

§ 34.045 DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this subchapter the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

ACTUARIAL EQUIVALENCE or **ACTUARIALLY EQUIVALENT**. Any benefit payable under the terms of this Retirement System in a form other than the normal benefit shall have the same actuarial present value on the date payment commences as the normal form of benefit. For purposes of establishing the actuarial present value of any form of payment all future payments shall be discounted for interest and mortality based on such rates of interest, mortality and other tables of experience as are necessary and recommended in the proper operation of the Retirement System on an actuarially sound basis as determined and adopted by the Board from time to time.

AGREEMENT. This subchapter setting forth the provisions of the retirement system.

AVERAGE MONTHLY EARNINGS. One-twelfth of the arithmetic average of annual earnings for the highest three years preceding the actual retirement or termination date of a member. For all firefighter members hired after May 27, 2014, the Average Monthly Earnings shall be based on the highest five years preceding the actual retirement or termination date of a member.

BENEFICIARY. The person or persons entitled to receive any benefits hereunder at the death of a member who has or have been designated in writing by the member and filed with the Board. If no designation is in effect at the time of death of the member, or if no person so designated is living at that time, the Board shall make any required payments to the deceased member's estate.

BOARD. The Board of Pension Trustees, which shall hold the plan assets for the city and shall supervise, administer, and manage the system herein provided and serve as trustee of the fund.

CITY. Pompano Beach, Florida; and the then currently sitting City Commissioners. The city shall have the responsibility for this retirement system and plan.

CONTINUOUS SERVICE. Uninterrupted service by a member (expressed as years and completed months), from the date he last entered employment as an employee until the date his employment is terminated by death, retirement, or discharge; however, the continuous service of any member shall not be deemed to be interrupted by the following.

(1) Any authorized leave of absence or vacation, provided all members similarly situated in similar circumstances are treated alike pursuant to uniform, nondiscriminatory rules.

(2) Any service, voluntary or involuntary in the armed forces of the United States, provided the member is legally entitled to reemployment under the provisions of the Universal Training and Service Act, and any amendments thereto, or any law applicable to such reemployment, and provided further, that the member returns to his or her employment within one year from the date of release from such active service.

(3) No credit for benefit computation purposes under the plan shall be allowed in any case in excess of six months wherein a member has been on an authorized leave of absence or vacation. As regards any member of the system as of August 15, 1972, his total years of continuous service from date of employment with the city to date of retirement or termination as a member shall be included for benefit computation purposes under the system.

COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT (COLA). A permanent increase in the retiree's monthly benefit calculated by multiplying the COLA amount by the retiree's existing monthly pension benefit immediately prior to the time the COLA takes effect.

EARNINGS. Basic wages and regular longevity bonuses paid to a member, excluding nonregular overtime for firefighter members, excluding nonregular overtime in excess of 25 hours per year for police officer members who retire on or after October 1, 2001, and excluding bonuses, but including the one-time lump sum 3.5% payment paid to firefighter members for Fiscal Year 2008/2009, and any other nonregular payments. The limitation on compensation for an "eligible employee" shall not be less than the amount which was allowed to be taken into account hereunder as in effect on July 1, 1993. "Eligible employee" is an individual who was a member before the first plan year beginning after December 31, 1995.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The date on which this section is effective.

EMPLOYEE. All regular and probationary employees of the city under the city's classification plan as in effect on October 1, 1972, as a member of the Fire Department, or as a member of the Police Department with the job title of dispatcher, patrolman, sergeant, lieutenant, captain, or chief. For this purpose, the term ***REGULAR EMPLOYEE*** shall include those who work for 20 hours or more per week and five months or more per year. In the event of amendment or modification of the classification plan, until this subchapter is amended specifically, ***EMPLOYEE*** shall mean all regular and probationary employees whose duties most nearly coincide with the duties of the classifications set forth above, including all sworn City employees transferred to the Broward County Sheriff's Office on August 1, 1999 via Resolution No. 99-223 and Ordinance No. 99-46, and excluding those whose duties most nearly coincide with the duties of the classifications excluded by the above definition, and excluding those in the Fire or Police Department having a civilian rank. When used herein, the term ***FIREFIGHTER*** shall mean any member of the Fire Department as defined above.

FISCAL AGENT. Any person or entity designated to serve as investment agent, or custodian of the fund of the retirement system.

FUND. The trust fund established herein as part of the plan.

MEMBER. An employee who fulfills the prescribed participation requirements.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR and **ASSISTANT PLAN ADMINISTRATOR.** The then current and serving Chairman and Vice-Chairman, respectively, of the Board.

RETIRED. Retirees who are receiving monthly benefits from Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan or participating in the DROP.

RETIREE. A retired employee or, after the retired employee's death, the retired employee's survivor or beneficiary, who is receiving monthly benefits (normal retirement, early retirement, disability, or remainder of ten- year certain or survivor) from the Police and Firefighters Pension Plan. A DROP participant is considered a "retiree" for purposes of this subchapter. For purposes of this subchapter, a retired employee and, after the retired employee's death, the retired employee's survivor or beneficiary who is receiving monthly benefits on account of the retired employee's death, shall be considered the same retiree.

RETIREMENT DATE. The date the employee retired, entered the DROP, or if the employee died before retiring, the date of death.

SUFFICIENTLY FUNDED.

(1) With respect to firefighters, the most recent annual actuarial valuation performed by the pension fund actuary and approved by the Pension Board of Trustees shows that the required city contribution for firefighters is less than zero and after payment of any variable cost of living adjustment remains less than zero; or shows that there is an actuarial gain attributable to firefighters sufficient to fully fund the cost of any variable cost of living- adjustment. The required city contribution may be found in the Discussion of Valuation Results section of the annual actuarial report. The actuarial gain attributable to firefighters may be found in the annual actuarial report in the exhibit entitled Liquidation of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability. Actuarial gains and losses for each year shall be determined based on the funding methods and actuarial assumptions used in the most recent annual actuarial valuation and shall include the cost of any minimum benefits required by law.

(2) With respect to police officers, the most recent annual actuarial valuation performed by the pension fund actuary and approved by the Pension Board of Trustees shows that the required employer contribution for police officers is less than zero and after payment of any variable cost of living adjustment remains less than zero; or shows that there is an actuarial gain attributable to police officers sufficient to fully fund the cost of any variable cost of living adjustment. The required employer contribution may be found in the Discussion of Valuation Results section of the annual actuarial report. The actuarial gain attributable to police officers may be found in the annual actuarial report in the exhibit entitled Liquidation of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability. Actuarial gains and losses for each year shall be determined based on the funding methods and actuarial assumptions used in the most recent annual actuarial valuation and shall include the cost of any minimum benefits required by law. This definition shall become effective as of October 1, 2006.

SURVIVING SPOUSE. A lawfully-wedded spouse, including a same-sex spouse lawfully recognized in the state in which the marriage took place, of the member at the time of the member's death.

SYSTEM. The Pompano Beach Police and Firefighters' Retirement System as contained herein and all amendments thereto.

('58 Code, § 11.39) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 75-84, passed 9-16-75; Am. Ord. 80-30, passed 12-26-79; Am. Ord. 85-23, passed 2-5-85; Am. Ord. 93-50, passed 6-8-93; Am. Ord. 95-21, passed 11-22-94; Am. Ord. 96-27, passed 12-26-95; Am. Ord. 99-61, passed 7-27-99; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2001-43, passed 3-13-01; Am. Ord. 2006-25, passed 2-28-06; Am. Ord. 2008-07, passed 10-23-07; Am. Ord. 2010-12, passed 11-24-09; Am. Ord. 2010-36, passed 6-22-10; Am. Ord. 2011-47, passed 6-14-11; Am. Ord. 2013-56, passed 5-14-13; Am. Ord. 2015-19, passed 1-13-15; Am. Ord. 2020-14, passed 12-10-19)

§ 34.046 ESTABLISHMENT.

The City Commission determines that the city should establish and adopt an actuarially-sound retirement and pension plan limited to eligible members of the City Police Department and Fire Department. Accordingly, there is hereby established a retirement system for eligible members of the City Police Department and Fire Department to be known as The Police and Firefighters' Retirement System.

('58 Code, § 11.38) (Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2003-5, passed 10-8-02)

§ 34.047 BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

(A) The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the pension system and for making effective the provisions of this section are hereby vested in a Board of Trustees consisting of nine persons, as follows: three members other than firefighters or police officers, to be appointed as hereinafter provided; three members of the Fire Department (who may include a participant in the DROP plan), to be elected as hereinafter provided; three members of the Police Department (who may include a participant in the DROP plan, or a retired police officer as provided in F.S. § 185.05(d)), to be elected as hereinafter provided. If there are no active or retired police officers remaining in the system or capable of serving as a trustee, the remaining trustees may elect an individual to serve in a police officer trustee's position, and the City Commission shall, as a ministerial act, appoint this individual to the Board of Trustees, as provided in F.S. § 185.05(c).

(1) The term of office of each trustee shall be three years; however, the initial terms of the trustees of each class shall respectively be for one, two, and three years. The initial terms shall commence on the 30th day after the ordinance approving and authorizing this agreement shall become law. Initially in each elective category, the trustee receiving the most votes shall serve the three-year term, the second most votes the two-year term. The City Commission shall determine the term of office of each appointive trustee.

(2) The appointive trustees shall be appointed by the City Commission.

(3) The elective trustees shall be elected in the following manner: by per capita vote of all members of each of the respective departments who come within the purview of this section,

both active and retired, at meetings to be held at places designated by the Board of Pension Trustees, where all qualified members entitled to vote shall be notified in person or by mail ten days in advance of the meeting. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes for each office shall be declared elected and shall take office immediately upon commencement of the term of office for which elected or as soon thereafter as he shall qualify therefor. An election shall be held each year not more than 30 and not less than ten days prior to the commencement of the terms for which trustees are to be elected in that year. The Board of Pension Trustees shall meet, organize, and elect one of their members as Chairman, and one member as Vice-Chairman, within ten days after trustees are elected and duly qualified.

(4) If a vacancy occurs in the office of trustee, the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as the office was previously filled.

(5) The trustees shall serve without compensation but they may be reimbursed from the expense fund for all necessary, reasonable, and proper expenses, such as travel, which they may actually expend in the performance of their duties as a member of the Board; the expenditure shall not exceed the limits placed by law including but not limited to, F.S. § 112.061.

(6) Each trustee shall, within ten days after his appointment or election, take an oath of office before the City Clerk, that so far as it develops upon him he will diligently and honestly administer the affairs of the Board, and that he will not knowingly violate or willingly permit to be violated any of the provisions of the law applicable to the retirement system. The oath shall be subscribed to by the members making it and certified by the Clerk and filed in his office.

(7) Each trustee shall be entitled to one vote on the Board. Five votes shall be necessary for a decision by the trustees at any meeting of the Board. The Chairman shall have the right to one vote only.

(8) Subject to the limitations of this section the Board of Trustees shall from time to time establish uniform rules and regulations for the administration of funds created by this section and for transacting its business, including provisions for compulsory attendance of its members, which shall have the force of law. Board meetings shall be held in accordance with Robert's Rules of Order.

(9) The Board of Trustees shall by majority vote of its members appoint a Secretary, who may, but need not be, one of its members. It shall engage any actuarial and other services required to transact the business of the retirement system. The compensation of all persons engaged by the Board of Trustees and all other expenses of the Board necessary for the operation of the retirement system shall be paid at those rates and in those amounts the Board of Trustees shall agree upon, but in no case shall the expenditures for the services or operations exceed 3% of the maximum in the fund each fiscal year. All funds shall be disbursed by the Board of Trustees. The Secretary and any trustee authorized to handle or disburse funds or assets, or sign checks shall be bonded for a minimum of 10% of the assets of the fund, with a maximum bond limit of \$100,000, the premium for the bond to be paid out of this fund.

(10) Any trustee who neglects the duties of his office shall be removed by the Board of Trustees upon affirmative vote of seven members of the Board.

(11) The city may appoint employees to the Board to provide secretarial and clerical assistance; however, the Board shall reimburse the full cost of the employees to the city. ('58 Code, § 11.56) (Ord. 78-79, passed 9-26-78; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2002-71, passed 9-24-02)

(B) The duties, responsibilities and powers of the Board of Trustees shall include the following.

- (1) Construe the provisions of the system and determine all questions arising thereunder.
- (2) Determine all questions relating to eligibility and participation.
- (3) Determine and certify the amount of all retirement allowances or other benefits hereunder.
- (4) Establish uniform rules and procedures to be followed for administrative purposes, benefit applications, and all matters required to administer the plan.
- (5) Distribute at regular intervals to employees, information concerning the plan.
- (6) Receive and process all applications for participation and benefits.
- (7) Authorize all payments whatsoever from the fund.
- (8) Approve any and all changes in the provisions of the system.
- (9) Have performed an annual independent audit of the system's financial operations, books, and fund.
- (10) Sue and be sued.

('58 Code, § 11.57) (Ord. 75-80, passed 9-16-75)

(Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73)

§ 34.048 PENSION BOARD.

(A) As part of the system there is hereby established the fund, into which shall be deposited all of the contributions and assets whatsoever attributable to the system. The actual custody and supervision of the fund, and assets thereof, shall be vested in the Pension Board. Payment of benefits and disbursements from the fund shall be made only on authorization from the Pension Board.

('58 Code, § 11.58)

(B) The Pension Board may hire and appoint those persons, agents, entities, including corporate fiduciaries, or attorneys as in its discretion may be required or advisable to enable it to perform its custodial and investment duties hereunder. Further, the Pension Board may enter into agency, investment, advisory, and custodial agreements for the purpose of securing investment and custodianship services for the system and fund.

('58 Code, § 11.59) (Ord. 75-80, passed 9-16-75)

(C) All funds and securities of the system may be commingled in the fund, provided accurate records are maintained at all times reflecting the financial composition of the fund, including accurate current accounts and entries as regards the following.

- (1) Current amounts of accumulated contributions of employees on both an individual and aggregate account basis.
- (2) Receipts and disbursements.
- (3) Payments to retirees.
- (4) Current amounts clearly reflecting all moneys, funds, and assets whatsoever attributable to contributions and deposits from the city, including a valuation of all these, as well as other, assets of the fund on a market value basis.
- (5) All interest, dividends, gains, or losses whatsoever.

(6) Other entries properly required so as to reflect a clear and complete financial report of the fund.

('58 Code, § 11.60) (Ord. 75-84, passed 9-16-75)

(D) The Board of Pension Trustees shall have the following investment powers and authority.

(1) The trustee shall invest and reinvest the funds in those securities or in that property, real or personal, wherever situated, as the trustee shall deem advisable, including but not limited to, stocks, common or preferred, bonds, and mortgages, and other evidences of indebtedness or ownership, although these may not be of the character permitted for trustees' investment by the laws of the state. The Board shall identify and publicly report any direct or indirect holdings it may have in any scrutinized company, as defined in Florida Statutes, Section 215.473, and proceed to sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw all publicly traded securities it may have in such company beginning January 1, 2010 and shall thereafter be prohibited from purchasing or holding such securities. The divestiture of any such security must be completed by September 30, 2010. In accordance with Ch. 2009-97, Laws of Florida, no person may bring any civil, criminal, or administrative action against the Board or any employee, officer, director, or advisor of such Board based upon the divestiture of any security pursuant to this paragraph. The Board of Pension Trustees shall be vested with full legal title to the fund. All contributions from time to time paid into the fund, and the income thereof, without distinction between principal and income, shall be held and administered by the Board or its agent in the fund and the Board shall not be required to segregate or invest separately any portion of the fund.

(2) The Board may retain in cash and keep unproductive of income that amount of the fund as it may deem advisable, having regard for the cash requirements of the system.

(3) Neither the Board nor any person or entity shall be liable for the making, retention, or sale of any investment or reinvestment made as herein provided, nor for any loss or diminishment of the fund, except that due to his or its own negligence, willful misconduct, or lack of good faith.

(4) The Board may cause any investment in securities held by it to be registered in or transferred into its name as trustee or into the name of the nominee it may direct, or it may retain them unregistered and in the form permitting transferability, but the books and records shall at all times show that all investments are part of the fund.

(5) The Board is empowered, but is not required, to vote on any stocks, bonds, or securities of any corporation, association, or trust and to give general or specific proxies or powers of attorney with or without power of substitution; to participate in mergers, reorganizations, recapitalizations, consolidations, and similar transactions with respect to the securities; to deposit the stock or other securities in any voting trust or any protective or like committee or with the trustees or with depositaries designated thereby; to amortize or fail to amortize any part or all of the premium or discount resulting from the acquisition or disposition of assets; and generally, to exercise any of the powers of an owner with respect to stocks, bonds, or other investments comprising the fund which it may deem to be to the best interest of the fund to exercise.

(6) The Board shall not be required to make any inventory or appraisal or report to any court, not to secure any order of court for the exercise of any power herein contained.

(7) Where any action which the Board is required to take or any duty or function which it is required to perform either under the terms herein or under the general law applicable to it as trustee under this agreement, can reasonably be taken or performed only after receipt by it from a member, the city or any person or entity, of specific information, certification, direction, or

instructions, the Board shall incur no liability in failing to take the action or perform the duty or function until the information, certification, direction, or instruction has been received by it.

(8) Any overpayments or underpayments from the fund to a retired member or beneficiary caused by errors of computation shall be adjusted with interest at the rate per annum approved by the Board. Overpayments shall be charged against retirement payments next succeeding the correction. Underpayments shall be made up from the trust fund.

(9) The Board shall sustain no liability whatsoever for the sufficiency of the fund to meet the payments and benefits herein provided for and shall be under no duty or obligation to inquire into the sufficiency of the payments made into the fund by the city.

(10) In any application to, or proceeding or action in the courts, only the city and the Board shall be necessary parties, and no member or other person having an interest in the fund shall be entitled to any notice of service or process. Any judgment entered in such a proceeding or action shall be conclusive upon all persons.

('58 Code, § 11.61)

(E) Any of the foregoing powers and functions reposed in the Board may be performed and carried out by the Board through duly-authorized agents, provided the Board at all times maintains supervision over the acts of any agent. Further, legal title to the fund shall always remain in the Board of Pension Trustees.

('58 Code, § 11.62)

(F) No change in any of the provisions of the system shall be made without the approval of a majority of the Board of Trustees.

('58 Code, § 11.63)

(Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2010-33, passed 6-22-10)

Cross-reference:

Required state reports, see § 34.072

§ 34.049 EXAMINATIONS.

The Board of Trustees shall designate physicians, psychologists and other medical, vocational and occupational professionals who shall conduct all medical examinations required under the provisions of this subchapter and shall report in writing to the Board of Pension Trustees their conclusions and recommendations. The payment for these services shall be determined by the Board of Trustees.

('58 Code, § 11.64) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2002-40, passed 3-12-02)

§ 34.050 CONDITIONS OF ELIGIBILITY.

(A) Police officers and dispatchers and firefighters who are members of the city's employee's pension plan at the time of adoption of this retirement system shall be eligible to become members of this system. Any other police officer, dispatcher, or firefighter shall be eligible to become a member if at least 18 years of age provided the following standards are met.

(1) The employee satisfactorily completes all required medical examinations for an employee of his classification.

(2) The employee meets all requirements of the Civil Service Board of the city except the probationary period.

(B)(1) Each employee who is eligible to become a member of this system in accordance with the eligibility provisions above shall, if required by state law, be required to become a member as a condition of continued employment by the city as an employee. Reentry into the system after discontinuance of prior participation shall be permitted on a uniform, nondiscriminatory basis and upon compliance with the provisions of subsection (A)(1) and subsection (A)(2) above. However, any person who was previously a member of the system and who is rehired as a classified employee on or after January 1, 1977, shall be eligible for reentry into the system, notwithstanding the age limitation of subsection (A) above; further provided, however, no credit shall be given for any period of time during the interruption of service. Credit for prior service shall be granted only upon repayment in full of all monies previously refunded to the member, together with such interest at the rate or rates assumed for actuarial purposes as shall be certified by the actuary to be due. If repayment in full is not made as aforesaid, any monies paid pursuant to this section shall be refunded plus interest at the rate set forth in § 34.061(D), and there shall be no further opportunity to obtain credit for prior service.

(2) Effective October 1, 2022, any city employee employed in a full-time position on or after October 1, 2022 who becomes a member of the Police and Firefighters Retirement System in accordance with § 34.050(B) may purchase credit for prior continuous service for all or any portion of their employment with the city as a firefighter. The election to purchase prior service must be made on a form to be supplied by the Board within 90 days of the effective date of this section. Employees may purchase such credit for continuous service by paying the full actuarial cost thereof, plus interest, as determined by the plan actuary. The purchase amount may be paid through a cash payment or a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer or rollover from an eligible plan. In addition, the employee may utilize up to 1,000 hours of accrued vacation and/or sick leave toward the purchase of prior continuous service. An employee who elects to purchase prior continuous service will have four years from the effective date of this section to complete the purchase. Only that time purchased by the earlier date that the employee terminates service or retires will be counted toward the vesting or benefit accrual. If repayment in full is not made as aforesaid, any monies paid pursuant to this section shall be refunded, plus interest at the rate set forth in § 34.061(D), and there shall be no further opportunity to obtain credit for prior service.

(3) Effective October 1, 2022, for members who are active firefighters on October 1, 2022, excluding members who are participating in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), and firefighters hired on or after October 1, 2022, the vesting period shall be seven (7) years of continuous service.

(C) All employees in similar circumstances shall be treated alike on a uniform, nondiscriminatory basis.

(D) It is the intention of the City Commission that Ordinance 84-66 have retroactive effect such that any police officer, dispatcher, or firefighter currently employed on the effective date of Ordinance 84-66 who was not more than 46 years of age on his date of employment shall become a member of the Police and Firefighters Retirement System retroactive to said date of employment.

('58 Code, § 11.40) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 85-27, passed 2-5-85; Am. Ord. 86-30, passed 1-7-86; Am. Ord. 86-81, passed 7-29-86; Am. Ord. 95-19, passed 11-22-94; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2001-31, passed 1-23-01; Am. Ord. 2003-5, passed 10-8-02; Am. Ord. 2023-11, passed 11-8-22)

§ 34.051 APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP.

Each eligible employee shall complete an application form covering the following points, as well as other points or items prescribed by the Board: the employee's acceptance of the terms and conditions of the pension plan and pension trust agreement; and the employee's designation of a beneficiary or beneficiaries.

('58 Code, § 11.41) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 85-23, passed 2-5-85)

§ 34.052 CHANGE IN BENEFICIARY.

A member may from time to time change his designated beneficiary by written notice to the Board of Pension Trustees on forms provided by the Board. No change of beneficiary shall be effective until the written notice has been received by the Board. Upon change, the rights of all previously-designated beneficiaries to receive any benefit under the plan shall cease.

('58 Code, § 11.42) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73)

§ 34.053 NORMAL RETIREMENT DATE.

(A) A member may elect to retire on or after the day of attainment of age 47, age 50 for firefighters hired after May 27, 2014, and the completion of 20 years of continuous service or attainment of age 55 and the completion of ten years of continuous service. However, employees who are eligible to, and become, members as of the effective date of this system shall be eligible to retire on the attainment of age 47 regardless of the number of years of continuous service. A police officer Member who attains 25 years of continuous service prior to attaining 47 years of age may elect to purchase, at the Member's sole expense, a normal retirement age and unreduced normal benefit commencing the first of the month following or coincident with completion of 25 years of continuous service. In order to purchase this earlier normal retirement age, the police officer Member must pay to the Fund the full actuarial cost of the earlier normal retirement age, as determined by the Fund's actuary. Payment shall be made by cash lump sum payment, direct transfer or rollover of an eligible rollover distribution from a qualified or eligible plan in accordance with Section 34.0602 herein, or a combination of both. Additionally, a firefighter member who was hired after March 1, 2015, who has attained the age of 55 and completed six or more years of continuous service as of August 1, 2021, may elect, no later than July 31, 2021, to retire on August 1, 2021. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentences, members who were active firefighters on October 1, 2022 or were hired on or after October 1 2022, may elect to retire upon the completion of 20 years of continuous service or the attainment of age 47 with seven years of continuous service.

(B) Any employee with 18 or more years of credited service as a member of this system or a total of 18 or more years of combined credited service as a member of this system and of the general employees retirement system as of May 1, 1984, whose position is eliminated may, if

approved by the City Commission, be paid his/her normal retirement benefit projected for all purposes as though employment continues until the normal retirement date.

(‘58 Code, § 11.43) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 77-49, passed 6-21-77; Am. Ord. 84-71, passed 6-26-84; Am. Ord. 85-23, passed 2-5-85; Am. Ord. 2001-71, passed 7-10-01; Am. Ord. 2002-41, passed 3-12-02; Am. Ord. 2008-54, passed 7-8-08; Am. Ord. 2015-19, passed 1-13-15; Am. Ord. 2021-80, passed 7-27-21; Ord. 2023-10, passed 11-8-22)

§ 34.054 (RESERVED)

§ 34.055 NORMAL RETIREMENT BENEFIT.

(A) *Police officer.* A police officer retiring on his or her normal retirement date shall receive a monthly benefit which shall commence on his or her normal retirement date and be continued thereafter during his or her lifetime. If the member dies after retirement but before he or she has received benefits for a period of ten years, the same monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as designated by the member for the balance of such ten-year period. Upon reaching normal retirement age a member's benefits shall be fully vested. The amount of the normal retirement benefit is 3% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service, subject in any event to a maximum of 75% of average monthly earnings, plus 2% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 37.5 years. However, members who are eligible for normal retirement as of the effective date provided in § 34.053, shall receive the greater of the benefit provided by the formula of this subsection or 50% of average monthly earnings.

(B) *Firefighters.*

(1) A firefighter retiring on his or her normal retirement date shall receive a monthly benefit which shall commence on his or her normal retirement date and be continued thereafter during his or her lifetime. If the member dies after retirement but before he or she has received benefits for a period of ten years, the same monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as designated by the member for the balance of such ten-year period. Upon reaching normal retirement age a member's benefits shall be fully vested.

(2) For firefighters who separated from city employment or who were not part of the DROP prior to September 1, 2003, the amount of the normal retirement benefit is 3.0% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service, subject in any event to a maximum of 75% of average monthly earnings, plus 2% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 37.5 years. However, members who are eligible for normal retirement as of the effective date provided in §34.053 shall receive the greater of the benefit provided by the formula of this subsection or 50% of average monthly earnings.

(3) For firefighters who separate from city employment or who were part of the DROP on or after September 1, 2003, and before October 1, 2022, the amount of the normal retirement benefit is 3.0% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service for the first ten years of service, 4.0% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service for the second ten years of service, and 2% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service for the next five years of service subject in any event to a maximum of 80% of average monthly earnings upon attaining 25 years of continuous service, plus 2% of average monthly

earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 40 years. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentences, effective October 1, 2022, for members who were active firefighters on October 1, 2022, excluding members who were participating in the DROP on that date, and firefighters hired on or after October 1, 2022, the normal retirement benefit is 4% of average monthly earnings as defined in §34.045, up to a maximum of 80% of average monthly earnings upon attaining 20 years of continuous service; subject to the limitations contained in City Ordinance 34.0571 or as may be limited by the Internal Revenue Code.

(C) Limitation of benefits. The normal retirement benefit or pension payable to a retiree who becomes a member of this retirement system or plan and who has not previously participated in the plan, on or after January 1, 1980, shall be limited in the following manner.

(1) If the member does not receive Social Security benefits, his pension benefit shall not exceed 100% of his average final compensation.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to supplemental retirement benefits or to pension increases attributable to cost-of-living increases or adjustments.

(D) No member of this retirement system or plan who was not a member of the plan on October 1, 1978, shall be allowed to receive a retirement benefit or pension which is in part or in whole based upon any service with respect to which the member is already receiving, or will receive in the future, a retirement benefit or pension from another retirement system or plan. However, this restriction does not apply to Social Security coverage or benefits.

(‘58 Code, § 11.44) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 80-30, passed 12-26-79; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2001-71, passed 7-10-01; Am. Ord. 2002-41, passed 3-12-02; Am. Ord. 2006-9, passed 12-13-05; Am. Ord. 2015-19, passed 1-13-15; Am. Ord. 2023-10, passed 11-8-22)

§ 34.056 EARLY RETIREMENT BENEFIT.

A member retiring on his early retirement date may receive either a deferred or an immediate monthly retirement benefit as follows.

(A) A deferred monthly retirement benefit which shall commence on his normal retirement date and shall be continued on the first day of each month thereafter during his lifetime. The amount of each deferred monthly retirement benefit shall be determined in the same manner as for retirement at his normal retirement date; however, continuous service and average monthly earnings shall be determined as of his early retirement date.

(B) In the alternative, an immediate monthly retirement benefit which shall commence on his early retirement date and shall be continued on the first day of each month thereafter during his lifetime. The maximum benefit payable, as determined in subsection (A) above, shall be reduced actuarially so that actuarially-equivalent benefits shall be payable in all cases wherein actual retirement date precedes a member’s regular normal retirement date; provided, however, in the case of a member who retires on or after age 50, the actuarial reduction shall not exceed 3% for each year by which actual retirement date precedes such member’s regular normal retirement date.

(‘58 Code, §11.46) (Ord.72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00)

§ 34.057 DISABILITY.

(A) Service incurred. Any active member who receives a service-connected injury, disease, or disability, which totally and permanently incapacitates him or her, physically or mentally, from regular and continuous duty as a firefighter or police officer, and any other duty or duties available through the Fire or Police Departments respectively to the firefighter or police officer, shall receive in equal monthly installments an amount equal to 75% of monthly earnings in effect on date disability is granted by the Board. For firefighters only, if the member's accrued benefit exceeds the disability benefit, such excess benefit will be classified as a normal retirement benefit. The disability pension shall be effective immediately and the first payment shall be made on the first day of the month coincident with or next following such granting and shall be payable until the earlier of death or recovery from disability. If the member dies after retirement but before recovery from disability and before he or she has received benefits for a period of ten years, the same monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as designated by the member for the balance of such ten-year period.

As provided and subject to the limitations in F.S. § 112.1816, effective July 1, 2019, a firefighter (as defined in F.S. § 112.1816(1)) Member shall be considered to be totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty if he or she meets the Plan's definition of Totally and Permanently Disabled due to a diagnosis of cancer (as defined in F.S. § 112.1816(1)), or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer (as defined in F.S. § 112.1816(1)).

(B) 9/11 Service Incurred Disability. Should any member of this Plan be deemed disabled, as defined in the preceding paragraph, as a direct result of his or her duty related service at the "9/11 Ground Zero" site said member shall be eligible to change his or her current retirement status from Normal Retirement to a Service Connected Disability Retirement and shall receive in equal monthly installments an amount equal to 75% of monthly earnings in effect on date of his or her Normal Retirement. Said 9/11 Service Incurred Disability designation will have an effective date on the first of the month immediately following the determination made by the Board, per section (C) below. The first payment shall be made on the first day of the month following such granting and shall be payable until the earlier of death or recovery from said disability. For a Plan member to be eligible for the 9/11 Disability Service Incurred Disability, said member must be a recognized participant in and a recipient of compensation from the World Trade Center Federal Victim Compensation Fund (VCF) for at least two years prior to application for the 9/11 Service Incurred Disability designation.

(C) Nonservice incurred. Any active member with seven years of service who receives a nonservice-incurred injury, disease, or disability, which totally and permanently incapacitates him or her, physically or mentally, from regular and continuous duty as a firefighter or police officer, and any other duty or duties available through the Fire or Police Departments respectively to the firefighter or police officer, shall receive in equal monthly installments an amount equal to 3% of his or her average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service, subject in any event to a maximum of 60% of monthly earnings in effect on date disability is granted by the Board plus 2% of monthly earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 25 years. However, in the case of a member, the minimum benefit shall be 25% of such member's average monthly earnings. The disability pension shall be effective immediately and the first payment shall be made on the first day of the month coincident with or next following

such granting and shall be payable until the earlier of death or recovery from disability. If the member dies after retirement but before recovery from disability and before he or she has received benefits for a period of ten years, the monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as designated by the member for the balance of such ten-year period.

(D) Determination of disability. All questions relating to eligibility for continuance of disability benefits shall be determined by the Board of Trustees, which may refer disability benefit recipients for medical examinations pursuant to § 34.049.

(E) Service-incurred aggravation of non-service incurred condition. Any benefit payable under this section by virtue of service-incurred aggravation of an injury, disease, disability, impairment, or condition which existed at the time of a member's entry into the plan or of an injury, disease, disability, impairment, or condition which itself was not service-incurred, shall be deemed to be a non-service incurred benefit, regardless of whether or not the injury, disease, disability, impairment, or condition was known or was symptomatic prior to the service-incurred aggravation.

('58 Code, § 11.47) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 78-36, passed 3-15-78; Am. Ord. 82-18, passed 12-15-81; Am. Ord. 85-23, passed 2-5-85; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2001-71, passed 7-10-01; Am. Ord. 2002-40, passed 3-12-02; Am. Ord. 2002-41, passed 3-12-03; Am. Ord. 2015-19, passed 1-13-15; Am. Ord. 2020-14, passed 12-10-19; Am. Ord. 2020-48, passed 3-10-20; Am. Ord. 2023-10, passed 11-8-22)

§ 34.0571 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE COMPLIANCE.

(A) Maximum pension.

(1) The limitations of this subsection (A) shall apply in limitation years beginning on or after July 1, 2007, except as otherwise provided herein, and are intended to comply with the requirements of the Pension Protection Act of 2006 and shall be construed in accordance with said Act and guidance issued thereunder. The provisions of this subsection (A) shall supersede any provision of the plan to the extent such provision is inconsistent with this subsection. The annual pension as defined in paragraph (A)(2) below otherwise payable to a participant at any time shall not exceed the dollar limitation for the participant multiplied by a fraction whose value cannot exceed one, the numerator of which is the participant's number of years (or part thereof, but not less than one year) of service with the city and the denominator of which is ten. For this purpose, no more than one year of service may be credited for any plan year. If the benefit the participant would otherwise accrue in a limitation year would produce an annual pension in excess of the dollar limitation, the benefit shall be limited (or the rate of accrual reduced) to a benefit that does not exceed the dollar limitation.

(2) **ANNUAL PENSION** means the sum of all annual benefits, payable in the form of a straight life annuity. Benefits payable in any other form shall be adjusted to the larger of:

(a) For limitation years beginning on or after July 1, 2007:

1. The straight life annuity (if any) payable to the participant under the plan commencing at the same annuity starting date as the participant's form of benefit, or

2. The actuarially equivalent straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date, computed using a 5.00% interest rate and the mortality basis prescribed in Code Section 415(b)(2)(E)(v);

(b) For limitation years beginning before July 1, 2007:

1. The actuarially equivalent straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date, computed using the interest rate and mortality basis specified in Section 34.045 used for actuarial equivalence for the particular form of payment under the plan, or

2. The actuarially equivalent straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date, computed using a 5.00% interest rate and the mortality basis prescribed in Code Section 415(b)(2)(E)(v).

No actuarial adjustment to the benefit shall be made for benefits that are not directly related to retirement benefits (such as a qualified disability benefit, preretirement incidental death benefits, and postretirement medical benefits); or the inclusion in the form of benefit of an automatic benefit increase feature, provided the form of benefit is not subject to Section 417(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and would otherwise satisfy the limitations of this subsection (A), and the amount payable under the form of benefit in any limitation year shall not exceed the limits of this subsection (A) applicable at the annuity starting date, as increased in subsequent years pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Code. For this purpose, an automatic benefit increase feature is included in a form of benefit if the form of benefit provides for automatic, periodic increases to the benefits paid in that form.

(3) **DOLLAR LIMITATION** means, effective for the first limitation year beginning after January 1, 2001, \$160,000, automatically adjusted under Code Section 415(d), effective January 1 of each year, as published in the Internal Revenue Bulletin, and payable in the form of a straight life annuity. The new limitation shall apply to limitation years ending with or within the calendar year of the date of the adjustment, but a participant's benefits shall not reflect the adjusted limit prior to January 1 of that calendar year. The dollar limitation shall be further adjusted based on the age of the participant when the benefit begins as follows:

(a) For annuity starting dates in limitation years beginning on or after July 1, 2007:

1. If the annuity starting date for the participant's benefit is after age 65:

i. If the plan does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both age 65 and the age of benefit commencement. The dollar limitation at the participant's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the participant's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation with actuarial equivalence computed using a 5.00% interest rate assumption and the mortality basis prescribed in Code Section 415(b)(2)(E)(v) for that annuity starting date (and expressing the participant's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

ii. If the plan does have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both age 65 and the age of benefit commencement. The dollar limitation at the participant's annuity starting date is the lesser of (aa) the dollar limitation multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan at the participant's annuity starting date to the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan at age 65, both determined without applying the limitations of this subsection (A), and (bb) the limitation determined under subparagraph (3)(a)1.i. of this subsection (A). For this purpose, the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan at the participant's annuity starting date is the annual amount of such annuity payable to the participant, computed disregarding the participant's accruals after age 65 but including actuarial adjustments even if those actuarial adjustments are used to offset accruals;

and the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan at age 65 is the annual amount of such annuity that would be payable under the plan to a hypothetical participant who is age 65 and has the same accrued benefit as the participant.

2. Except with respect to a participant who is a ***QUALIFIED PARTICIPANT*** as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(H) of the Code, for benefits (except survivor and disability benefits as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(I) of the Code), if the annuity starting date for the participant's benefit is before age 62:

i. If the plan does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both age 62 and the age of benefit commencement. The dollar limitation at the participant's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the participant's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation with actuarial equivalence computed using a 5.00% interest rate assumption and the mortality basis prescribed in Code Section 415(b)(2)(E)(v) for that annuity starting date (and expressing the participant's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

ii. If the plan does have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both age 62 and the age of benefit commencement. The dollar limitation at the participant's annuity starting date is the lesser of (aa) the dollar limitation multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan at the participant's annuity starting date to the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan at age 62, both determined without applying the limitations of this subsection (A), and (bb) the limitation determined under subparagraph (3)(a)2.i. of this subsection (A).

(b) For annuity starting dates in limitation years beginning before July 1, 2007:

<i>Age as of Annuity Starting Date:</i>	<i>Adjustment of Dollar Limitation:</i>
Over 65	<p>The smaller of:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the actuarial equivalent of the limitation for age 65, computed using the interest rate and mortality basis specified in Section 34.045, or 2. the actuarial equivalent of the limitation for age 65, computed using a 5.00% interest rate and the mortality basis prescribed in Code Section 415(b)(2)(E)(v). <p>Any increase in the dollar limitation determined in accordance with this paragraph shall not reflect a mortality decrement between age 65 and the age at which benefits commence if benefits are not forfeited upon the death of the participant. If any benefits are forfeited upon death, the full mortality decrement is taken into account.</p>
62 to 65	No adjustment.

Less than 62	<p>The smaller of:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the actuarial equivalent of the limitation for age 62, computed using the interest rate and mortality basis specified in Section 34.045 of the plan, or 2. the actuarial equivalent of the limitation for age 62, computed using a 5.00% interest rate and the mortality basis prescribed in Code Section 415(b)(2)(E)(v). <p>This adjustment shall not apply to any QUALIFIED PARTICIPANT as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(H), nor to survivor and disability benefits as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(I) of the Code.</p>
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(4) With respect to clause (3)(a)1.i., clause (3)(a)2.i. and paragraph (3)(b) above, no adjustment shall be made to the dollar limitation to reflect the probability of a participant's death between the annuity starting date and age 62, or between age 65 and the annuity starting date, as applicable, if benefits are not forfeited upon the death of the participant prior to the annuity starting date. To the extent benefits are forfeited upon death before the annuity starting date, such an adjustment shall be made. For this purpose, no forfeiture shall be treated as occurring upon the participant's death if the plan does not charge participants for providing a qualified preretirement survivor annuity, as defined in Code Section 417(c), upon the participant's death.

(5) The term **LIMITATION YEAR** is the 12 month period which is used for application of the limitations under Code Section 415 and shall be the calendar year.

(6) The limitations set forth in this subsection (A) shall not apply if the annual pension does not exceed \$10,000 provided the participant has never participated in a defined contribution plan maintained by the city.

(7) Cost-of-living adjustments in the dollar limitation for benefits shall be limited to scheduled annual increases determined by the Secretary of the Treasury under Section Subsection 415(d) of the Code.

(8) In the case of a participant who has fewer than ten years of participation in the plan, the dollar limitation set forth in paragraph (3) of this subsection (A) shall be multiplied by a fraction - (i) the numerator of which is the number of years (or part thereof) of participation in the plan, and (ii) the denominator of which is ten.

(9) Any portion of a participant's benefit that is attributable to mandatory participant contributions (unless picked-up by the city) or rollover contributions, shall be taken into account in the manner prescribed in the regulations under Section 415 of the Code.

(10) Should any participant participate in more than one defined benefit plan maintained by the city, in any case in which the participant's benefits under all such defined benefit plans (determined as of the same age) would exceed the dollar limitation applicable at that age, the accrual of the participant's benefit under this plan shall be reduced so that the participant's combined benefits will equal the dollar limitation.

(11) For a participant who has or will have distributions commencing at more than one annuity starting date, the annual benefit shall be determined as of each such annuity starting date (and shall satisfy the limitations of this section as of each such date), actuarially adjusting for

past and future distributions of benefits commencing at the other annuity starting dates. For this purpose, the determination of whether a new starting date has occurred shall be made without regard to Section 1.401(a)-20, Q&A 10(d). and with regard to Section 1.415(b)1(b)(1)(iii)(B) and (C) of the Income Tax Regulations.

(12) The determination of the annual pension under paragraph (2) of this subsection (A) shall take into account (in the manner prescribed by the regulations under Section 415 of the Code) social security supplements described in Section 411(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and benefits transferred from another defined benefit plan, other than transfers of distributable benefits pursuant to Section 1.411(d)-4. Q&A-3(c) of the Income Tax Regulations.

(13) The above limitations are intended to comply with the provisions of Section 415 of the Code, as amended, so that the maximum benefits provided by plans of the city shall be exactly equal to the maximum amounts allowed under Section 415 of the Code and regulations thereunder. If there is any discrepancy between the provisions of this subsection (A) and the provisions of Section 415 of the Code and regulations thereunder, such discrepancy shall be resolved in such a way as to give full effect to the provisions of Section 415 of the Code. The value of any benefits forfeited as a result of the application of this subsection (A) shall be used to decrease future employer contributions.

(14) For the purpose of applying the limitations set forth in Sections 401(a)(17) and 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, compensation shall include any elective deferral (as defined in Code Section 402(g)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code), and any amount which is contributed or deferred by the employer at the election of the participant and which is not includible in the gross income of the participant by reason of Section 125 or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. For limitation years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, for the purposes of applying the limitations described in this subsection (A), compensation paid or made available during such limitation years shall include elective amounts that are not includible in the gross income of the participant by reason of Section 132(f)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. For limitation years on or after July 1, 2007, compensation shall include payments that otherwise qualify as compensation and that are made by the later of: (a) two and one-half months after severance from employment with the employer, and (b) the end of the limitation year that includes the date of severance. With respect to plan years beginning on or after December 31, 2008, compensation shall also include differential wage payments within the meaning of Section 3401(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(B) Required beginning date. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, payment of a participant's retirement benefits under the Plan shall commence not later than the participant's ***REQUIRED BEGINNING DATE***, which is defined as:

(1) With regard to distributions required to be made to a participant who reaches age 70 ½ before January 1, 2020: April 1 of the calendar year that next follows the calendar year in which the participant attains or will attain the age of 70 1/2 years; or April 1 of the calendar year that next follows the calendar year in which the participant retires, whichever is later.

(2) With regard to distributions required to be made on or after January 1, 2020 to a participant who reaches the age of 70 ½ on or after said date: April 1 of the calendar year that next follows the calendar year in which the participant attains or will attain the age of 72 years, or April 1 of the calendar year that next follows the calendar year in which the participant retires, whichever is later.

(C) Required minimum distributions.

(1) Required beginning date. The participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, to the participant no later than the participant's required beginning date as defined in subsection (B) of this section.

(2) Death of participant before distributions begin.

(a) If the participant dies before distributions begin, the participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, no later than as follows:

1. If the participant's surviving spouse is the participant's sole designated beneficiary, then distributions to the surviving spouse will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the participant died, or by December 31 of the calendar year in which the participant would have attained age 70 1/2, if later.

2. If the participant's surviving spouse is not the participant's sole designated beneficiary, then distributions to the designated beneficiary will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the participant died.

3. If there is no designated beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the participant's death, the participant's entire interest will be distributed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.

(b) The participant's entire interest shall be distributed as follows:

1. Participant survived by designated beneficiary. If the participant dies before the date distribution of his or her interest begins and there is a designated beneficiary, the participant's entire interest will be distributed, beginning no later than the time described in subsection (2)(a) above, over the life of the designated beneficiary or over a period certain not exceeding:

i. Unless the annuity starting date is before the first distribution calendar year, the life expectancy of the designated beneficiary determined using the beneficiary's age as of the beneficiary's birthday in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year of the participant's death; or

ii. If the annuity starting date is before the first distribution calendar year, the life expectancy of the designated beneficiary determined using the beneficiary's age as of the beneficiary's birthday in the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date.

2. No designated beneficiary. If the participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is no designated beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the participant's death, distribution of the participant's entire interest will be completed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.

(c) Death of surviving spouse before distributions to surviving spouse begin. In any case in which (i) the participant dies before the date distribution of his or her interest begins, (ii) the participant's surviving spouse is the participant's sole designated beneficiary, and (iii) the surviving spouse dies before distributions to the surviving spouse begin, subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) above shall apply as though the surviving spouse were the participant.

(3) Requirements for annuity distributions that commence during participant's lifetime.

(a) Joint life annuities where the beneficiary is not the participant's spouse. If the participant's interest is being distributed in the form of a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the participant and a nonspousal beneficiary, annuity payments to be made on or after the participant's required beginning date to the designated beneficiary after the participant's death must not at any time exceed the applicable percentage of the annuity payment for such period that would have been payable to the participant using the table set forth in Q&A-2 of Section

1.401(a)(9)-6 of the Treasury Regulations. If the form of distribution combines a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the participant and a nonspousal beneficiary and a period certain annuity, the requirement in the preceding sentence will apply to annuity payments to be made to the designated beneficiary after the expiration of the period certain.

(b) Period certain annuities. Unless the participant's spouse is the sole designated beneficiary and the form of distribution is a period certain and no life annuity, the period certain for an annuity distribution commencing during the participant's lifetime may not exceed the applicable distribution period for the participant under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury Regulations for the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date. If the annuity starting date precedes the year in which the participant reaches age 70, the applicable distribution period for the participant is the distribution period for age 70 under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury Regulations plus the excess of 70 over the age of the participant as of the participant's birthday in the year that contains the annuity starting date. If the participant's spouse is the participant's sole designated beneficiary and the form of distribution is a period certain and no life annuity, the period certain may not exceed the longer of the participant's applicable distribution period, as determined under this subsection (3)(b), or the joint life and last survivor expectancy of the participant and the participant's spouse as determined under the Joint and Last Survivor Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury Regulations, using the participant's and spouse's attained ages as of the participant's and spouse's birthdays in the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date.

(4) Form of distribution. Unless the participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company or in a single sum on or before the required beginning date, as of the first distribution calendar year distributions will be made in accordance with subsections (4)(a), (4)(b) and (4)(c) below. If the participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company, distributions thereunder will be made in accordance with the requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations. Any part of the participant's interest which is in the form of an individual account described in Section 414(k) of the Code will be distributed in a manner satisfying the requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations that apply to individual accounts.

(a) General annuity requirements. If the participant's interest is paid in the form of annuity distributions under the Plan, payments under the annuity will satisfy the following requirements:

1. The annuity distributions will be paid in periodic payments made at intervals not longer than one year;

2. The distribution period will be over a life (or lives) or over a period certain, not longer

than the distribution period described in subsections (2) or (3) above, whichever is applicable, of this subsection (C);

3. Once payments have begun over a period certain, the period certain will not be changed even if the period certain is shorter than the maximum permitted;

4. Payments will either be non-increasing or increase only as follows:

i. By an annual percentage increase that does not exceed the annual percentage increase in a cost-of-living index that is based on prices of all items and issued by the Bureau of Labor Statistics;

ii. To the extent of the reduction in the amount of the participant's payments to provide for a survivor benefit upon death, but only if the beneficiary whose life was being used to determine the distribution period dies or is no longer the participant's beneficiary pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order within the meaning of Section 414(p) of the Code;

iii. To provide cash refunds of employee contributions upon the participant's death; or

iv. To pay increased benefits that result from a Plan amendment.

(b) Amount required to be distributed by required beginning date. The amount that must be distributed on or before the participant's required beginning date (or, if the participant dies before distributions begin, the date distributions are required to begin under subsection (2)(a)(1) or (2)(a)(2), whichever is applicable) is the payment that is required for one payment interval. The second payment need not be made until the end of the next payment interval even if that payment interval ends in the next calendar year. Payment intervals are the periods for which payments are received, e.g., bi-monthly, monthly, semi-annually, or annually. All of the participant's benefit accruals as of the last day of the first distribution calendar year will be included in the calculation of the amount of the annuity payments for payment intervals ending on or after the participant's required beginning date.

(c) Additional accruals after first distribution calendar year. Any additional benefits accruing to the participant in a calendar year after the first distribution calendar year will be distributed beginning with the first payment interval ending in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which such amount accrues.

(5) For purposes of this subsection (C), distributions are considered to begin on the participant's required beginning date. If annuity payments irrevocably commence to the participant (or to the participant's surviving spouse) before the participant's required beginning date (or, if to the participant's surviving spouse, before the date distributions are required to begin in accordance with subsection (2)(a) above), the date distributions are considered to begin is the date distributions actually commence.

(6) Definitions.

(a) **DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY.** The individual who is designated as the beneficiary under the Plan and is the designated beneficiary under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and Section 1.401(a)(9)-4, of the Treasury Regulations.

(b) **DISTRIBUTION CALENDAR YEAR.** A calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the participant's death, the first **DISTRIBUTION CALENDAR YEAR** is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year which contains the participant's required beginning date. For distributions beginning after the participant's death, the first **DISTRIBUTION CALENDAR YEAR** is the calendar year in which distributions are required to begin pursuant to subsection (2) of this subsection (C).

(c) **LIFE EXPECTANCY.** Life expectancy as computed by use of the Single Life Table in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury Regulations.

(D) (1) Notwithstanding any provision of the plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this section, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Administrator, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover.

(2) Definitions. The following definitions apply to this section:

(a) **ELIGIBLE ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTION.** An eligible rollover distribution is any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include:

1. Any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten years or more:

2. Any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code;

3. The portion of any distribution which is made upon hardship of the member; and

4. The portion of any distribution that is not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net unrealized appreciation with respect to employer securities), provided that a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax employee contributions which are not includible in gross income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not so includible.

(b) **ELIGIBLE RETIREMENT PLAN.** An eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account described in Section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in Section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in Section 403(a) of the Code, an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Code, a qualified trust described in Section 401(a) of the Code, an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this plan, or, with respect to distributions on or after January 1, 2008, a Roth IRA (subject to the limitations of Code Section 408A(c)(3)) that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution.

(c) **DISTRIBUTEES.** A distributee includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Code, are distributees with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. Furthermore, effective January 1, 2007, a surviving designated beneficiary as defined in Section 401(a)(9)(E) of the Code who is not the surviving spouse and who elects a direct rollover to an individual retirement account described in Section 408(a) of the Code or an individual retirement annuity described in Section 408(b) of the Code shall be considered a distributee.

(d) **DIRECT ROLLOVER.** A direct rollover is a payment by the plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee.

(E) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, the maximum amount of any mandatory distribution, as defined in Section 401(a)(31) of the Code, payable under the Plan shall be \$1,000.

(F) Compensation limitations under 401(a)(17).

(1) In addition to other applicable limitations set forth in the Plan, and notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, the annual compensation of each participant taken into account under the Plan shall not exceed the EGTRRA annual compensation limit for limitation years beginning after December 31, 2001. The EGTRRA annual compensation limit is \$200,000, as adjusted by the Commissioner for increases in the cost of living in accordance with Section 401(a)(17)(B) of the Code. The cost-of-living adjustment in effect for a calendar year applies to any period, not exceeding 12 months, over which compensation is determined (determination period) beginning in such calendar year. If a determination period consists of fewer than 12 months, the EGTRRA annual compensation limit will be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the determination period, and the denominator of which is 12.

(2) Any reference in the Plan to the limitation under Section 401(a)(17) of the Code shall mean the EGTRRA annual compensation limit set forth in this provision.

(G) At no time prior to the satisfaction of all liabilities under the plan with respect to members and their spouses or beneficiaries, shall any part of the corpus or income of the fund be used for or diverted to any purpose other than for their exclusive benefit.

(H) Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act. The plan shall at all times be administered in accordance with the provisions of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, which Act is hereby incorporated by reference.

(Ord. 93-50, passed 6-8-93; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2010-36, passed 6-22-10; Am. Ord. 2013-56, passed 5-14-13; Am. Ord. 2015-45, passed 4-14-15; Am. Ord. 2020-66, passed 9-8-20)

§ 34.058 PRERETIREMENT DEATH.

(A) Service incurred. A death benefit shall be payable in behalf of any member who dies as a direct result of an occurrence arising in the performance of service. The benefit shall be payable as follows.

(1) To the designated beneficiary a lump sum payment of \$5,000; plus

(2) To the surviving spouse, until the earlier of the two events of death or remarriage, a monthly benefit equal to 75% of the member's final earnings (the above provision notwithstanding, the surviving spouse of any member killed in the line of duty shall not lose the survivor retirement benefits set forth herein if the spouse remarries); plus

(3) For each child until he has reached the age of 18 years, and for each child from age 18 until age 22 who is a full-time student in an accredited school, there shall be paid in equal monthly installments, an amount equal to 7½% of the final earnings subject to an overall limitation of a total of 90% of final earnings for the surviving spouse and children combined. The nonstudent child's pension shall terminate on the earlier of death, marriage, or the attainment of age 18; the pension of a child who is a student shall terminate on the earlier of death, marriage, or the attainment of age 22. Legally-adopted children shall be eligible the same as natural children. In the event there is no surviving spouse or upon remarriage or death of the surviving spouse, the 7½% child allowance shall be increased to 15% for each child, and shall be paid in trust to eligible children, not to exceed a combined total of 50% of a member's final earnings provided, however, that such increase shall not apply when a surviving spouse of a

member who was killed in the line of duty remarries. The trusteeship and disbursements of the pension to any child or children shall be determined by the Board of Trustees. No survivor pension shall be paid to any stepchild of a deceased member.

(4) As provided and subject to the limitations in F.S. § 112.1816, effective July 1, 2019, a firefighter (as defined in F.S. § 112.1816(1)) Member shall be considered to have died in the line of duty if he or she dies as a result of cancer (as defined in F.S. § 112.1816(1)) or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer (as defined in F.S. § 112.1816(1)).

(B) Nonservice incurred. If any member dies in active service from causes not attributable to active duty or service, a death benefit shall be payable as follows.

(1) With less than one year of continuous service: none.

(2) With one or more years but less than five years of continuous service: to the designated beneficiary a lump sum payment of \$5,000.

(3) With five years or more years but less than seven years of continuous service:

(a) To the designated beneficiary a lump sum payment of \$5,000; plus

(b) To the surviving spouse in equal monthly payments a pension equal to 65% of the member's accrued pension as of date of death, subject to a minimum of 20% of average monthly earnings; plus

(c) To the child or children of the deceased member the same benefits as are payable by reason of service-connected death, subject, however, to a maximum combined limitation of monthly payments to the surviving spouse and children of 50% of final earnings.

(4) With seven or more years of continuous service: the beneficiary may elect to receive the benefits under subsection (3) above, or the benefits accrued to date of death, payable commencing at his otherwise normal retirement date or payable in accordance with § 34.056.

(5) Death while performing USERRA-qualified active military service. In the case of a member who dies on or after January 1, 2007 while performing "Qualified Military Service" under Title 38, United States Code, Chapter 43, Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act ("USERRA") within the meaning of Section 414(u) of the Internal Revenue Code, any "additional benefits" (as defined by Section 401(a)(37) of the Internal Revenue Code) provided under the plan that are contingent upon a member's termination of employment due to death shall be determined as though the member had resumed employment immediately prior to his death. With respect to any such "additional benefits," for vesting purposes only, credit shall be given for the period of the member's absence from covered employment during "Qualified Military Service".

(‘58 Code, § 11.48) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-73; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 74-31, passed 1-29-74; Am. Ord. 95-21, passed 11-22-94; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2013-56, passed 5-14-13; Am. Ord. 2020-14, passed 12-10-19)

§ 34.059 ACCRUED BENEFITS.

(A) If a member terminates his employment with the Police, or Fire Departments, either voluntarily or by lawful discharge, and is not eligible for any other benefits under this system, he shall be entitled to the following.

(1) With less than ten years of continuous service: refund of member contributions plus 3% interest.

(2) With ten or more years of continuous service: the pension benefit accrued to his date of termination, payable commencing at his otherwise normal retirement date or payable in accordance with § 34.056, provided he does not elect to withdraw his member contributions, or refund of member contributions plus 3% interest.

(B) Any member of this system who, for whatever reason, has his employment with the city as a police officer, police dispatcher, or firefighter terminated, but who remains or was previously employed by the city in some other capacity so that his total continuous period of employment with the city is ten years or more, shall have all benefits accrued under this system preserved, provided he does not elect to withdraw his member contributions. The accrued benefits shall be paid at his otherwise normal retirement date in accordance with the provisions of this system or in accordance with § 34.056.

(C) For purposes of determining normal retirement age under this accrued benefits provision, continuous service shall include all employment with the city as well as the period of time subsequent to termination as a member of this system; however, benefits shall not be payable under this system during any period of continued employment by the city.

(D) Any amounts attributable to city contributions which are forfeited by reason of nonvested terminations of employment shall remain in the fund and shall serve only to reduce current and future required contributions to the system.

('58 Code, § 11.49) (Ord.72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am.Ord.75-84, passed 9-16-75; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00)

§ 34.060 OPTIONAL FORMS OF RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

Each member entitled to a retirement benefit shall have the right at any time prior to his actual retirement to elect to have his retirement benefit payable under any one of the options hereinafter set forth in lieu of the retirement benefits otherwise provided herein, and to revoke any elections and make a new election at any time prior to actual retirement. The value of optional retirement benefits shall be actuarially equivalent to the value of benefits otherwise payable. The member shall make an election by written request to the Board of Pension Trustees. A member shall have the right to change his designated beneficiary in accordance with F.S. §§ 175.171 or 185.161.

(A) Option 1. Joint and last survivor option. A retiring member may elect to receive a decreased retirement benefit during his or her lifetime and have the decreased retirement benefit, or a designated fraction thereof, continued after his or her death to and during the lifetime of his or her designated beneficiary, subject to any restrictions applicable under federal law. A retired member may change his or her designated beneficiary or joint annuitant up to two times without the approval of the Board or the current designated beneficiary. The retiree member need not provide proof of the good health of the designated beneficiary being removed, and the designated beneficiary being removed need not be living. The election of Option 1 shall be null and void if the designated beneficiary dies before the member's retirement; however, the member may designate another beneficiary. Additionally, if the beneficiary designated at the time of the member's retirement dies before the retired member, the member may, one time only during his or her retirement, elect to receive the normal retirement benefit. Should a new joint annuitant or beneficiary be elected, or should the member elect the normal retirement benefit, the member's retirement benefit shall be actuarially recalculated to ensure that the benefit paid is the actuarial

equivalent of the present value of the member's current benefit and that there is no impact to the system. In the event the beneficiary is other than the spouse, the present value of the payments to the retired member must initially be at least 50% of the total combined present value of payments to both the member and beneficiary.

(B) Option 2. Life Annuity. A retiring member may elect to receive an increased retirement benefit payable during the member's lifetime. If, after retiring, the member should die before payments equal to the member's accumulated contributions are made, then the balance shall be paid to his or her designated beneficiary.

(C) Option 3. Other. In lieu of the other optional forms enumerated in this section, retirement benefits may be paid in any form approved by the Board so long as actuarial equivalence with the benefits otherwise payable is maintained.

('58Code, § 11.50) (Ord.72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-37, passed 4-18-73; Am.Ord. 75-84, passed 9-16-75; Am. Ord. 85-23, passed 2-5-85; Am. Ord. 96-32, passed 1-30-96; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00; Am. Ord. 2001-71, passed 7-10-01; Am. Ord. 2002-40, passed 3-12-02; Am. Ord. 2002-41, passed 3-12-02; Am. Ord. 2010-12, passed 11-24-09; Am. Ord. 2010-33, passed 6-22-10; Am. Ord. 2012-41, passed 4-24-12)

§ 34.0601 (RESERVED).

§ 34.0602 (RESERVED).

§ 34.0603 DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (DROP).

A deferred retirement option plan (DROP) is hereby authorized. The DROP is to be administered by the Board of Trustees. Police officer members may elect to enter the DROP upon reaching normal retirement as set forth and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the DROP document in existence as negotiated in the collective bargaining agreements between the Broward County Police Benevolent Association of Pompano Beach, Florida and the City or Broward County Sheriff's Office. In no event shall the Board administer a plan which results in the disqualification of the system under the Internal Revenue Code.

(A) Eligibility. Any active member of the Pompano Beach Police and Firefighters' Retirement System who is eligible to receive a normal retirement pension, may elect to participate in the DROP. However, said election must be made at or before the employee has attained 25 years of continuous service with the city. Except as provided below, after an employee has exceeded 25 years of continuous service, he or she would no longer be eligible to participate in the DROP. In cases where an employee has reached 25 years of continuous service, but still has not become eligible for normal retirement, that employee will be eligible to elect to participate in the DROP upon (but not after) reaching eligibility for normal retirement. Firefighter members will "retire" for purposes of the pension plan, but may continue their employment with the city for a maximum 96 months from the effective date of the member's DROP election.

(B) Written election. A member electing to participate in the DROP must complete and execute the proper forms supplied by the retirement system administrator in a time and manner

determined by the Board of Trustees and shall be effective on the first day of the first calendar month which is at least five business days after it is received by the Board. Election in the DROP is irrevocable once payments to the DROP account begin.

(C) Limitations and disqualifications for other benefits. A member may participate in the DROP only once. After commencement of participation, the member shall not again have the right to be a contributing member of the retirement system. Police officer members shall not be eligible for disability or pre-retirement death benefits as provided for by the retirement system. Firefighter members shall not be eligible for pre-retirement death benefits, but shall be eligible, effective October 1, 2004, for service connected disability retirement, calculated pursuant to § 34.057(A), or non-service connected disability retirement, calculated pursuant to § 34.057(B), when a determination is made by the Pension Board that an existing benefit should be reclassified as a disability benefit subject to Article 16 of the I.A.F.F. Local 1549 Collective Bargaining Agreement. Effective after October 1, 2004, the reclassified service-incurred disability benefit shall be equal to 75% of the member's monthly rate of pay in effect at the time of entry into the DROP. If the benefit the member accrued prior to DROP entry exceeds the disability benefit, such excess benefit will be treated as a normal retirement benefit.

(D) Cessation of contributions. Upon the effective date of a member's commencement of participation in the DROP, the member's contributions and the city's contributions to the retirement system for the normal cost of the member's service after the effective date will be discontinued.

(E) Benefit calculation.

(1) For all retirement system purposes, the average monthly earnings and continuous service of a member participating in the DROP shall remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the DROP. Service, earnings or increases in earnings thereafter shall not be recognized by the retirement system or used for the calculation or determination of any benefits payable by the retirement system.

(2) On the effective date that the member enters the DROP, the city will calculate the member's accrued sick and annual leave payout utilizing existing payout formulas. The city will pay to the firefighter member his or her leave payout in five equal payments over the next five years, with each payment being made on the member's DROP participation anniversary date. However, should the member terminate participation in the DROP and employment with the city before the first five years, the remainder of the member's leave payout shall be paid to the member upon termination.

(3) Any accrued sick leave in excess of the maximum number of hours accruable for payout purposes will be carried over and available for use by the member in accordance with established city policy while participating in the DROP. The member will continue to accrue sick and annual leave while participating in the DROP. Leave accrual will be in accordance with the appropriate collective bargaining agreement. However, at the member's conclusion of participating in the DROP, the member will forfeit all unused accumulated sick and annual leave and thus will not be compensated for any portion of said leave.

(F) Payments to DROP account. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a normal retirement benefit

(including a cost-of-living increase if one is later included as part of the DROP Plan) shall be paid into the member's deferred retirement option account.

(G) DROP account earnings.

(1) After each fiscal year quarter, the average daily balance in a member's deferred retirement option account shall be credited or debited at a rate equal to the actual net rate of investment return realized by the retirement system for that quarter. "Net investment return" for the purpose of this paragraph is the total return on the retirement system's assets (except those assets invested pursuant to DROP member direction under subsection (2) below) net of brokerage commissions and transaction costs.

(2) As an alternative, each current member of the DROP and each future member of the DROP may elect not to receive "net investment return" as set forth above. Instead, an electing member may direct the investment of his or her DROP account in designated proportions among such unitized or mutual funds as may be made available from time to time by the Board of Trustees. The electing member's DROP account shall be credited or debited at a rate equal to the actual net rate of investment return realized by the member's DROP account.

(3) If a member does not terminate employment at the end of participation in the DROP, all investment return credits and debits to the member's DROP account shall cease. Self-directed DROP accounts maintained pursuant to subsection (2) above will be liquidated and the proceeds returned to the retirement system to be held until the member terminates employment. No amounts shall be paid from the retirement system until the member terminates employment with the city.

(4) Members of the DROP who have elected to participate in the DROP loan program, as detailed herein, shall not receive any earnings on outstanding loan balances until such time as a repayment is made. Repayments are qualified as principal and interest with the latter being reflected on member DROP accounts as "earnings."

(H) Expenses. To compensate the system for the expenses of administering, investing and operating the DROP, each member's account shall be charged an annual administrative fee which shall be reviewed and subject to increase or decrease annually. The initial expense charge of three-quarters of one percent of the account balance (0.75%) shall be deducted from the member's account after each fiscal year quarter at the rate of 0.1875% of the account's average balance during that quarter. Effective April 1, 2020, the expense charge of 60 basis points (0.60%) of the account balance shall be deducted from the member's account after each fiscal year quarter at the rate of 0.15% of the account's average balance during that quarter. Provided, however, if a member elects to participate as set forth in subsection (G)(2) above, the member's account may be charged an administrative cost to be determined from time to time by the Board of Trustees.

(I) Payout.

(1) Upon termination of a member's employment (for any reason), the retirement benefits payable to the member or to the member's beneficiary (if provided for), shall be paid to the member or beneficiary and shall no longer be paid to the member's deferred retirement option account. No payments will be made from the DROP account until the member terminates employment.

(2) Within 90 days after the end of any calendar quarter following the termination of a member's employment, the balance in the member's deferred retirement account shall be payable at the member's option:

- (a) In full single lump payment, or
- (b) In annual installments in amounts requested by the member by June 30th of each year, or
- (c) In equal monthly installments requested by the member, which can be changed only once each year by making such request by June 30th of each year, or
- (d) In a single lump sum payment of the balance remaining after payment of any annual or monthly installments, which will be paid within 90 days after receiving a member's request, which request can be made at any time after termination of a member's employment.

Regardless of the selected option by the member, the Board of Trustees has the right to accelerate payments in order to comply with Section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and the right to defer payments to comply with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. The DROP is meant to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and the Board of Trustees will take no action which would jeopardize the tax qualification of the retirement system.

(3) Account balances continue to be credited or debited with account earnings or losses and charged with expenses until the entire balance is paid out.

(J) Promotions. Starting with the 72nd month after a member enters the DROP, the member is not eligible to be promoted, to participate in any promotional examination process and/or to be appointed or promoted to any bargaining unit position. Employees who have participated in DROP for less than 72 months shall be eligible to be promoted, to participate in any promotional examination process and/or to be appointed or promoted to any non-bargaining unit position. Employees who have participated in DROP for 72 months or more shall be eligible to be promoted, to participate in any promotional examination process and/or to be appointed or promoted to any non-bargaining unit position with the specific approval of the Fire Chief and City Manager when the Fire Chief and City Manager determine such actions to be in the best interest of the city.

(K) Death. If a DROP member dies before his or her account balance is paid out in full, the participant member's designated beneficiary shall have the same rights as the member to elect and receive the payout options set forth. DROP payments to a beneficiary shall be in addition to any retirement benefits payable to the beneficiary under any optional form of retirement benefits elected by the member.

(L) Benefits not guaranteed. All benefits payable under the DROP shall be paid only from the assets of the DROP and neither the city nor the Board of Trustees shall have any duty or liability to furnish the DROP with any funds, securities or other assets except to the extent required by any applicable law.

(M) DROP loan program.

(1) Effective June 22, 2010 for police officers and October 1, 2013 for firefighters, DROP participants may apply to the Board of Trustees to borrow from the retirement system up to 50% of the total balance in their respective DROP account, up to a maximum of \$50,000. The Board of Trustees shall approve or deny any such application in accordance with the terms and conditions specified herein. Board of Trustees shall not have the authority to deny member loan

applications that satisfy requirements outlined herein. All loans to DROP participants shall be secured by the member's DROP account and no payments from the member's DROP account shall be made to the member, survivor or beneficiary while a loan balance remains outstanding. Should any loan balance remain unpaid after the balance in the member's DROP account has been exhausted, then that balance shall be secured and paid by offsetting such member, survivor or beneficiary's other benefits payable by the retirement system. The loan must be evidenced by the member's promissory note payable to the retirement system and shall have a definite interest rate, repayment schedule, and maturity date. The promissory note shall provide that in the event that the loan is not repaid, at a time when the member is entitled to a distribution, any unpaid balance of the loan, plus interest, shall be retained by the Board of Trustees out of such distribution. The Board of Trustees shall be authorized to take any and all necessary action to reinforce such member's obligations.

(2) In making its determination with respect to eligibility for, terms and conditions of, and interest rates on any loan, the Board of Trustees shall act in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner. The outstanding principal of any loan to a member shall not exceed 50% of the member's vested amount in the DROP account, provided, that the maximum loan amount not shall exceed \$50,000. The promissory note shall bear interest at the annual interest rate quoted as the "prime rate" in the Wall Street Journal on the day which the member files all necessary forms for his or her DROP loan with the Board of Trustees. The interest rate quoted in the promissory note shall be valid for 60 calendar days from the initial date of the member's application. Upon expiration of such rate, member shall be required to file a new application with the Board and a new promissory note executed with the then applicable "prime rate," as described herein, prior to any approval by the Board or distribution of funds.

(3) If a member or beneficiary, directly or indirectly, receives any amount as a loan from the retirement system, such amount shall be treated as a taxable distribution from the retirement system to the individual if:

(a) The amount of the loan exceeds the lesser of (i) \$50,000 (reduced to the extent that the member or beneficiary's highest balance for plan loans outstanding during the preceding 12 months exceeds the current balance for plan loans); or (ii) one-half of the member's DROP account (or \$10,000 if greater); and

(b) The loan by its terms is not required to be repaid within five years of the date the funds are actually received by the borrower (i.e. member).

(4) Loan amount and term. The Board of Trustees may loan to a DROP participant member a minimum of \$5,000 and a maximum of \$50,000. The loan shall be repaid by the member over a period of time not to exceed five years, as elected by the member at the time of the loan, with installment payments to be paid on a biweekly or monthly basis, as chosen by the member, with each payment being comprised of principal and interest. Member may elect to have installment payments automatically deducted by the Pompano Beach Credit Union and paid directly to the retirement system. Alternatively, retired members may elect that the loan installment payments be automatically deducted from their monthly pension benefit from the retirement system. DROP firefighter members may elect to have the loan installment payments automatically deducted from their bi-weekly city paycheck.

(a) Suspension of loan repayment; leave for military absence. In accordance with IRC section 414(u)(4), the retirement system shall permit postponement of loan repayments for military service personnel while performing military service. Any such postponement shall not

alter the accrual of interest. Any such suspension of loan repayments during a leave of absence for military service will not cause the loan to be deemed a taxable distribution so long as:

1. Loan repayments resume upon the completion of the military service; and
 2. The amount remaining due on the loan is repaid in substantially level installments;
- and
3. The loan is fully repaid by the end of the original term of the loan plus the period of military service.

(5) Loan costs and expenses. The electing member shall pay all costs of the loan, including documentary stamps, intangible taxes, loan-servicing fees, and all other costs associated with loan.

(6) Default. Events of default under the terms of the loan shall include, but are not limited to bankruptcy, insolvency, or failure to make any installment loan payment when due.

(7) Grace period. In the event of a default due to a participating member's failure to make an installment payment when due, then the retirement system, at its sole discretion, may provide written notice to such member of the occurrence of such default, and afford such member a grace period not to exceed ten days from the date upon which the subject payment(s) was due, within which such member may make payment to the retirement system to cure such default.

(8) Attorney's fees and costs. In the event of a default, and should the Board of Trustees determine that it is required to pursue legal relief to enforce a member's loan repayment obligations hereunder, then such member shall be held responsible for any and all attorney's fees and costs incurred by the retirement system to enforce such member's obligations.

(N) 415 limitations. All benefit payments and accruals under the DROP shall be in accordance with Subsection 415(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and all regulations thereunder, which subsections and regulations are incorporated herein by reference.

(Ord. 2010-12, passed 11-24-09; Am. Ord. 2010-34, passed 6-22-10; Am. Ord. 2013-56, passed 5-14-13; Am. Ord. 2015-19, passed 1-13-15; Am. Ord. 2018-23, passed 1-9-18; Am. Ord. 2020-66, passed 9-8-20)

§ 34.0604 SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT BENEFIT FOR FIREFIGHTERS.

(A) Effective on October 1, 2010, the total "applicable frozen amount" of Chapter 175 premium tax revenues, as reflected in the actuarial impact statement for the Pompano Beach Police and Firefighters' Retirement System, and future actuarial valuation reports, shall be increased to \$821,230. The city may use all Chapter 175 premium tax revenues received during the plan year (or in the case of a supplemental distribution, revenues applicable to the plan year even if received after the end of the plan year), up to the "applicable frozen amount," to reduce the city's required contributions to the Retirement System during the following fiscal year. Any premium tax revenues received by the city in excess of the \$821,230 "applicable frozen amount" during any plan year beginning October 1, 2010 or later shall be used for the supplemental pension benefit as follows:

(B) The supplemental pension retirement benefit shall consist of an individual share account for each active firefighter, including DROP participants, for the City of Pompano Beach. The supplemental retirement benefit shall be funded solely by premium tax revenues received by the city pursuant to F.S. Chapter 175, as provided for by the City of Pompano Beach Code of

Ordinances. The total initial amount to be allocated to the participants' share accounts as provided herein shall be \$2,540,196. For plan years beginning October 1, 2010 and later, all premium tax revenues received by the city pursuant to F.S. Chapter 175, in excess of \$821,230 shall be allocated to the participants' share accounts as provided for herein. Participants' share accounts shall be credited with premium tax revenues and investment earnings or losses, and interest, and distributed as follows:

(1) Initial crediting. The share account of each active firefighter and DROP participant on the city's payroll as of September 30, 2010, shall be credited retroactively as follows. Each member who was employed on September 30, 2010 as a firefighter shall receive one share for each month of continuous service, as defined in § 34.045 of the City of Pompano Beach Code of Ordinances earned from the date of hire through September 30, 2010. The total number of shares thus determined shall be divided into the initial amount of premium tax revenues to be allocated (\$2,540,196) to derive the initial value of each share.

(2) Annual crediting. Effective January 1, 2012, and each January 1 thereafter, the share account of each active firefighter and DROP participant on the city's payroll as of the preceding September 30 shall be credited as follows. Each active firefighter and DROP participant who was employed on the preceding September 30 shall receive one share for each month of continuous service, as defined in § 34.045, earned during the plan year ending on the same September 30. The total number of shares thus determined shall be divided into the premium tax revenues received during that plan year (or in the case of a supplemental distribution, revenues applicable to that plan year even if received after the end of the plan year) in excess of \$821,230, to determine the amount to be credited to the share account of each eligible share plan participant.

(3) Investment earnings and losses, or interest. Effective January 1, 2012, and each January 1 thereafter, the share account of each active firefighter and DROP participant shall be credited or debited with earnings or losses based upon the amount in the share account at the close of the immediately preceding calendar year at a rate equal to the pension plan's actual net rate of investment return for the preceding plan year. In the alternative, share plan participants who are within five years of their expected termination of employment date shall have the option to make a one-time irrevocable election, in writing to the Board of Trustees for the Retirement System, to have interest credited to their share account from a money market mutual fund selected by the Board of Trustees, rather than credited or debited at the pension plan's actual net rate of investment return. All share plan participants' accounts will be credited with the pension plan's actual net rate of investment return unless otherwise elected by a member as provided for herein.

(4) Distribution of share accounts. An active firefighter or DROP participant with seven or more years of continuous service upon termination of employment and eligibility for receipt of pension benefits shall be eligible to receive a distribution of 50% of the balance in his or her share account, together with all earnings and losses and interest credited to the share account through the date of termination of employment. An active firefighter or DROP participant with 15 or more years of continuous service upon termination of employment and eligibility for receipt of pension benefits shall be eligible to receive a distribution of 75% of the balance in his or her share account, together with all earnings and losses and interest credited to the share account through the date of termination of employment. An active firefighter or DROP participant with 20 or more years of continuous service upon termination of employment and eligibility for receipt of pension benefits shall be eligible to receive a distribution of 100% of the balance in his or her share account, together with all earnings and losses and interest credited to

the share account through the date of termination of employment. No benefit shall be payable to an active firefighter who terminates covered employment with less than seven years of credited service. The share account balances of such non-vested terminated members shall be redistributed among all eligible participants' share accounts in the same manner as premium tax revenues in the following calendar year. The designated beneficiary of an active firefighter who dies shall receive the accumulated total of his or her share account balance, and an active firefighter awarded a disability pension from the pension plan shall receive the accumulated total of his or her share account balance. There shall be no forfeiture of a member's share account based on the member's death, disability or termination of employment with seven or more years of credited service. Payment of share account benefits shall be by lump sum, which shall consist of the accumulated total balance of the active firefighter's share account, or, at the participant's direction, the share account balance may be rolled over to another qualified plan in accordance with § 34.0571(D) of this plan, with an additional payment made for any amount credited in the year following termination of employment.

(Ord. 2011-68, passed 7-26-11; Am. Ord. 2012-31, passed 3-13-12; Ord. 2023-10, passed 11-8-22)

§ 34.0605 SUPPLEMENTAL "SHARE PLAN" RETIREMENT BENEFIT FOR POLICE OFFICERS.

(A) In accordance with F.S. Chapter 185, there is hereby established a defined contribution plan component (share plan) to provide special benefits to eligible police officer members, such benefits to be funded solely and entirely by Chapter 185 premium tax revenues, as set forth herein.

(B) Effective October 1, 2015, one-half of the accumulated excess Chapter 185 premium tax reserve account as of October 1, 2015 (\$107,581); and one-half of the annual premium tax revenues received from the State of Florida pursuant to F.S. Chapter 185, that exceed the amount received for calendar year 2012 (\$876,088), shall be used to the share plan.

(C) The premium tax revenues allocated to fund the share plan shall be credited to eligible member share accounts and distributed to eligible members in a manner approved by a majority of eligible police officer members and the Florida Division of Retirement.

(Ord. 2017-30, passed 2-28-17)

§ 34.061 CONTRIBUTIONS.

(A) (1) Members of the retirement system shall make regular contributions to the trust fund at a rate equal to 8.6% of their respective annual earnings, except for firefighter members who, effective October 1, 2004, shall contribute 11.6% of their respective annual earnings. Firefighter member contributions shall be reduced to 0.5% after 25 years of service and upon reaching the maximum benefit of 80% and shall be increased to 11.6% if the member continues in employment and does not enter DROP upon reaching the normal retirement date. Eligible employees, as a condition of membership, shall agree in writing on becoming a member to make the contributions specified herein. The contributions shall be deducted from earnings before the earnings are paid.

('58 Code, § 11.51)

(2) Effective September 26th, 1989, the city shall assume and pay future member contributions in lieu of payroll deductions from member's earnings. No member shall have the option of choosing to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having them paid by the city directly to the retirement system. All such contributions by the city shall be deemed and considered as a part of each member's accumulated contributions and subject to all provisions of the retirements system pertaining to accumulated contributions of the members. The city shall immediately deposit all such contributions following each pay period. This city "pick up" of contributions shall be the result of an 8.6%, or 11.6% for firefighter members on or after October 1, 2004, reduction of each member's base pay and is intended to comply with Section 414(H)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. Base pay for purposes of overtime pay, pay supplements, and retirement benefit calculations shall not be reduced.

(Ord. 89-95, passed 9-19-89; Am. Ord. 2006-9, passed 12-13-05; Am. Ord. 2015-19, passed 1-13-15)

(B) Any money received or receivable by reason of laws of the state for the express purpose of funding and paying for retirement benefits for police officers and firefighters of the city shall be deposited immediately, and under no circumstances more than five days after receipt, in the trust fund comprising part of this system. Effective for plan years beginning October 1, 2015 and later, all annual premium tax revenues received pursuant to F.S. Chapter 185, up to \$876,088, plus one-half of any amount received in excess of \$876,088 shall be used to reduce the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the system. The other one-half of any annual amount of Chapter 185 premium tax revenues received in excess of \$876,088 shall be used to fund the supplemental "share plan" retirement benefit for police officers as provided in § 34.0605. In addition, one-half of the accumulated excess Chapter 185 premium tax reserve account as of October 1, 2015 (\$107,581) shall be used to pay down the unfunded liability of the system attributable to police officers, and the other one-half of the accumulated excess Chapter 185 premium tax reserve account as of October 1, 2015 (\$107,581) shall be used to fund the supplemental "share plan" retirement benefit for police officers as provided in § 34.0605. ('58 Code, § 11.52) (Ord. 2017-30, passed 2-28-17)

(C) So long as this system is in effect, the city shall make an annual contribution to the trust fund, payable at least quarterly, in an amount equal to the difference in each year as between the total of aggregate member contributions for the year plus state contributions for the year, and the amount necessary for the year to maintain the system on a sound actuarial basis as shown by the most recent actuarial valuation and report for the system. The total cost for any year shall be defined as the total of normal cost plus the additional amount sufficient to amortize the accrued past service liability over a 40-year period commencing on October 1, 1972.

('58 Code, §11.53)

(D) All retirement, death, and disability benefits payable under this system are in lieu of a refund of member contributions. In any event, however, each member shall be guaranteed the payment of benefits at least equal in total amount to his accumulated contributions plus 3% interest.

('58 Code, §11.54)

(E) All money which has been refunded by the members' contributions and the city's contributions, and money from all outside sources such as private contributions or those

contributions made by the state or any other firms, corporations, or companies being invested into any basic or secondary pension plan for the retirement of any employee which shall be included in this fund, including any interest gathered by these monies, shall be transferred into this fund to be known as The Pompano Beach Police and Firemen's Pension Fund, no later than 30 days after this fund becomes law.

('58 Code, § 11.55) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00)

§ 34.062 DENIAL OF BENEFITS.

On compulsory retirement of a member by an act of the Board of Pension Trustees or denial of benefits to a member by an act of the Board, the member shall have the following rights concerning the Board action.

(A) The Board shall, within a reasonable time after its decision on the compulsory retirement of a member or denial of member benefits, notify the member in writing of that decision, stating as clearly and concisely as is possible its findings and conclusions.

(B) Within the time provided by the Board in writing, of notification of the Board's decision to the member, the member shall, before commencement of any action in any court of competent jurisdiction against the Board or city, file a request for a public rehearing and review by the Board, with the Board Secretary, in writing.

(C) As soon as practicable after timely receipt of the request for rehearing and review by the member, the Board shall meet, after giving reasonable notice to the member. At that time the member shall have the right to be present with legal counsel and present all additional evidence or testimony in support of the member's claim for benefits before the Board for rehearing, review, and reconsideration of the Board's previous decision. At its option, the Board may call witnesses and place evidence in the record itself.

(D) If the Board's decision, upon formal rehearing and review, is adverse to the member, the member may then, within 30 days, appeal the Board's final decision, to the circuit court in and for the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit of Broward County, and the court shall sit as an appellate court. The member's appeal to the court of the Board's formal rehearing and review of the member's claim shall be for review by certiorari only, and not by trial de novo.

(E) The member, during the rehearing and review process, and any subsequent appeals, shall be responsible for his own attorneys' fees and none shall be assessed against the Board. In addition, costs shall not be assessed against the Board unless it affirmatively appears to the court that it acted with gross negligence, or in bad faith, with malice in making the decision appealed from.

(F) The term **MEMBER** as used in this section and as defined in § 34.045 of this code, shall also include, where applicable, and be synonymous with the term **BENEFICIARY** as defined in § 34.045 in cases concerning death claims and shall, in addition, also apply to a member's legally appointed guardian in cases where the member has been adjudicated to be incompetent.

('58 Code, §11.65) (Ord.80-30, passed 12-26-79; Am. Ord. 82-18, passed 12-15-81; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00)

§ 34.063 DISCHARGE.

Members entitled to a pension shall not forfeit it on dismissal from the department but shall be retired as herein described.

('58 Code, § 11.66) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73)

§ 34.064 RECOVERY FROM DISABILITY.

In the event a member who has been retired on a pension on account of permanent incapacity regains his full health and is shown to be physically able to perform his duties in the Police Department or Fire Department, the Board of Pension Trustees shall require the member to resume his position in the respective Department and discontinue the pension. However, if the member has been retired for disability in line of duty, shall not have reached the age of 46 years, and shall within 18 months after resuming his position pay into the fund an amount equal to the aggregate contributions (computed upon his annual earnings at the time of his disability retirement) he would have been required to make hereunder during the period of his disability retirement had he not been retired, the member shall receive creditable service for the period of the disability retirement.

('58 Code, § 11.67) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73)

§ 34.065 PENSIONS NOT ASSIGNABLE.

No pension provided for herein shall be assignable or subject to garnishment for debt or for other legal process; except the recipient of any monthly benefit may authorize the board of trustees to withhold from the monthly benefit those funds necessary to pay for the benefits being received through the city or BSO, to pay the certified bargaining agent of the city or BSO, and to make any payments for child support or alimony. Further, the recipient of any monthly benefit may authorize the Board of Trustees upon written request, to withhold from the monthly benefit those funds necessary to pay for accident, health, and long-term care insurance premiums for the recipient, the recipient's spouse and the recipient's dependents. The retirement system shall not incur any liability for participation in such permissive program if its action is taken in good faith.

('58Code, § 11.68) (Ord.72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2004-72, passed 9-28-04; Am. Ord. 2010-33, passed 6-22-10)

§ 34.066 DURATION OF PENSION.

Pensions granted to retired members shall be paid to them for life and shall not be revoked nor in any way diminished except as provided in this section. The payments of the member of this fund shall cease on his retirement and acceptance of a pension. In accordance with this section, nothing herein shall be construed to require the suspension of the payment of the pension of the Fire Chief, retired on May 1, 2013 and re-hired effective May 2, 2013 during any period of re-employment by the city. The Fire Chief shall not participate in, nor accrue any benefits under, the retirement system during any such period of re-employment.

('58 Code, § 11.69) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2018-23, passed 1-9-18)

§ 34.067 PENSION VALIDITY.

(A) The Board of Trustees shall have the power to examine into the facts on which any pension shall have been granted under any prior or existing law, or shall hereafter be granted or obtained erroneously, fraudulently, or illegally for any reason. The Board is empowered to purge the pension rolls of any person granted a pension under prior or existing law or hereafter granted under this section, if it is found to be erroneous, fraudulent, or illegal for any reason; and to re-classify any pensioner who has heretofore under any prior or existing law, or who shall hereafter under this section, be erroneously, improperly, or illegally classified.

(B) It is unlawful for a person to willfully and knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement or withhold or conceal material information to obtain any benefit payable hereunder. A person who violates the foregoing commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in F.S. §§ 775.082 or 775.083. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, upon conviction for a violation as set forth above, a participant or beneficiary hereunder may, in the discretion of the Board of Trustees, be required to forfeit the right to receive any or all benefits to which the person would otherwise be entitled. For the purposes hereof, “**CONVICTION**” means a determination of guilty that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether the adjudication is withheld.

(‘58 Code, § 11.70) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00)

§ 34.068 INCOMPETENCE.

If any participant or beneficiary is a minor or is, in the judgment of the Pension Board, otherwise incapable of personally receiving and giving a valid receipt for any payment due him under the plan, the Board may, unless and until claims have been made by a duly-appointed guardian or committee of the person, make the payment or any part thereof to the persons' spouse, children, or other person deemed by the Board to have incurred expenses or assumed responsibility for the expenses of the person. Any payment so made shall be a complete discharge of any liability under the plan for the payment.

(‘58 Code, § 11.71) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73)

§ 34.069 WAGE CONTROL LAW VIOLATIONS.

No payment or any benefit, contribution, or other sum which would constitute a violation of any applicable wage control law shall be made hereunder.

(‘58 Code, § 11.72 (b)) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72; Am. Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73)

§ 34.070 RECORDS AND DATA.

(A) The Board will furnish the actuary with all data required for necessary actuarial computations under the plan.

(‘58 Code, § 11.72 (a)) (Ord. 72-59, passed 8-15-72)

(B) Upon request, and as specified in the request, by the Board of Trustees, the Finance Department shall maintain any or all records and data necessary for the proper administration of

this system, and shall make these records and data available to the Board of Trustees. The records and data shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following list and any other similar items necessary for proper administration of the system.

(1) Deduct employee contributions, and immediately transmit same to the Board each pay period.

(2) For pending retirements, complete the basic data form, including determination of average monthly earnings.

(3) Prepare annually the employee data needed for actuarial valuation.

(4) Transmit city and state contributions to the Board in accordance with § 34.061.

('58 Code, §11.74) (Ord.74-59, passed 6-25-74)

(Ord.73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2000-73, passed 9-12-00)

§ 34.071 TERMINATION OF THE SYSTEM.

In the event of termination of the system, or complete discontinuance of city contributions to the system, each participant's accrued pension benefit shall become nonforfeitable (i.e., 100% vested). The Board shall determine the date of distribution and the asset value required to fund all of the nonforfeitable benefits. The Board shall inform the city, or then current system sponsor, if additional assets are required, in which event, the city, or then current fund sponsor, shall continue to financially support the retirement system until all nonforfeitable benefits have been fully funded. At such time, the funds shall be appropriated and distributed in accordance with the provisions of Florida Statutes, Sections 175.361 and 185.37.

('58 Code, § 11.75) (Ord.73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 75-84, passed 9-16-75; Am. Ord. 2010-33, passed 6-22-10)

§ 34.072 REQUIRED STATE REPORTS.

Each year, on or before March 15, the Pension Board Trustees of the system shall submit a report to the Division of Retirement in accordance with the requirements of F.S. Chs. 175 and 185.

('58 Code, § 11.76) (Ord. 73-11, passed 1-3-73; Am. Ord. 2001-10, passed 10-24-00)

§ 34.073 PENSION ADJUSTMENTS.

(A) Retirees who have been retired from the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan for a period of five or more years prior to or on October 1, 2000 shall be granted an increase in pension benefits, effective October 1, 2000, and each October 1 thereafter. Annual pension benefits shall be increased by a "fixed" (guaranteed) percentage equal to 2%. In addition to the "fixed" increase, pension benefits shall be increased by a "variable" percentage, in an amount certified by the pension plan actuary as supportable and funded solely by the pension plan assets, but not more than 1%. The "variable" component of the cost-of-living adjustment may be granted only when the plan is sufficiently funded and only if all other provisions of this section are satisfied. The sum of the "fixed" and "variable" portions of the adjustment shall not exceed 3% per year, nor be less than 2%. Notwithstanding the previous sentences, effective October 1, 2024, annual pension benefits for members who are active firefighters or participating in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) on or after October 1, 2022 shall be increased by a "fixed"

(guaranteed) percentage equal to 3%. In addition to the “fixed” increase, pension benefits shall be increased by a “variable” percentage, in an amount certified by the pension plan actuary as supportable and funded solely by the pension plan assets, but not more than 1%. The “variable” component of the cost-of-living adjustment may be granted only when the plan is sufficiently funded and only if all other provisions of this section are satisfied. The sum of the “fixed” and “variable” portions of the adjustment shall not exceed 4% per year, nor be less than 3%.

(B) Retirees who reach the fifth anniversary of retirement after October 1, 2000 shall be granted an annual increase in pension benefits effective on the fifth retirement anniversary date, payable on the following October 1, and each October 1 thereafter, in the percentage amount paid the previous October 1 under subsection (A) above. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, a firefighter employee who participates in the DROP for five or more years shall be eligible for an annual increase in pension benefits on the October 1 following his or her separation from the city, and on each subsequent October 1 in accordance with this article. Notwithstanding the previous sentences, effective October 1, 2024, retirees shall be granted an annual increase in the pension benefits commencing after the first full year of retirement, payable on the following October 1, and each October 1 thereafter, in the percentage amount paid the previous October 1 under subsection (A).

(C) In the event the pension plan is not sufficiently funded so as to provide a full 1% “variable” COLA in any year, a retroactive “variable” COLA, retroactive to the first year in which the full 1% “variable” COLA was not paid, shall be provided in subsequent years in which the plan is sufficiently funded, in order to provide an average compounded “variable” COLA of 1% per year, to the extent such amount is certified by the pension fund actuary to be supportable solely by the assets of the plan. The purpose of the retroactive additional COLA is to make retirees whole for any years in which the full 1% “variable” COLA could not be granted because the pension plan was not sufficiently funded.

(D) The annual actuarial valuation shall assume that the “fixed” 2% annual COLA will be repeated on an annual basis for future years. The “variable” COLA will not be assumed to be granted every year for future years because it is granted only in those years when the plan is sufficiently funded.

(Ord. 2001-43, passed 3-13-01; Am. Ord. 2006-9, passed 12-13-05; Am. Ord. 2009-03, passed 10-14-08; Am. Ord. 2011-47, passed 6-14-11; Am. Ord. 2023-12, passed 11-8-22)